Dezyne IDE Manual

Component based, formally verified.

The Dezyne developers

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Table of Contents

| 1 | Introduction | 1 |
|----|---|---|
| 2 | Installation 2.1 Binary Installation 2.1.1 Generic GNU/Linux Binary 2.1.2 Generic Microsoft Windows Binary | . 2 . 2 . 2 . 3 |
| 3 | Getting Started | . 4 |
| 4 | 3.1 Set-up 3.2 System View 3.3 State View 3.4 Sequence view Using the Dezvne IDE | .4 .4 .5 |
| - | 4.1 Example IDEs.4.1.1 An Electron-based Dezyne-IDE.4.1.2 A GNU Emacs-based Dezyne-IDE.4.1.2 Dezyne IDE View Commands.4.2.1 Invoking ide.4.2.2 Invoking ide daemon.4.2.3 Invoking ide browse.4.2.4 Invoking ide browse.4.2.5 Invoking ide hello.4.2.6 Invoking ide info.4.2.7 Invoking ide lsp.4.2.8 Invoking ide simulate.4.2.9 Invoking ide state.4.2.10 Invoking ide verify. | $ \begin{array}{c} \cdot & 6 \\ \cdot & 6 \\ \cdot & 7 \\ \cdot & 8 \\ \cdot & 9 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ \end{array} $ |
| 5 | Dezyne Views 1 5.1 System View 5.2 5.2 Trace View 5.3 State View 5.3 | 17 17 18 19 |
| 6 | Working with Legacy Code | 20 20 |
| Ir | ndex | 21 |

1 Introduction

While the component-based approach of Dezyne (see *Dezyne Reference Manual*) helps to create an understandable, modular system architecture, working on a software system is not always easy. When the problem at hand gets more difficult, then all help, e.g., help from tooling, is welcome.

Working with the Dezyne Language, we think, is best done using the Dezyne IDE.

The Dezyne IDE provides two graphical views: a structural overview (see Section 5.1 [System View], page 17) that helps navigating the system architecture, and a dynamic view (see Section 5.2 [Trace View], page 18) that helps understanding your system's behavior.

The Dezyne IDE consists of these elements:

- A Dezyne Language-Aware editor,
- An HTML renderer,
- A shell to run:
- The dzn command-line tools,
- And a (preferrably) user-customizable integration between all these.

2 Installation

In order to install Dezyne IDE on your system, you can use a binary installation that we prepared especially for you.

Note: The Dezyne-IDE is a *commercial* product by verum.com (https://verum.com). You should make sure to contact (or having contacted) Verum for a license.

2.1 Binary Installation

Note: The Dezyne-IDE is a *commercial* product by verum.com (https://verum.com). You should make sure to contact (or having contacted) Verum for a license.

This section describes how to install Dezyne IDE on an arbitrary system from a selfcontained tarball providing binaries for Dezyne IDE and for all its dependencies. This is often quicker than installing from source, which is described in the next sections. The only requirement is to have GNU tar and gzip, or 7zip for the Microsoft Windows inclined.

2.1.1 Generic GNU/Linux Binary

Installing goes along these lines:

1. Download the binary tarball from https://download.verum.com/download/dezyne-ide/ dezyne-ide-2.15.4-x86_64-linux.tar.gz, e.g.:

```
$ wget https://download.verum.com/download/dezyne-ide/\
dezyne-ide-2.15.4-x86_64-linux.tar.gz
```

Make sure to download the associated .sig file and to verify the authenticity of the tarball against it, do something like:

```
$ wget https://download.verum.com/download/dezyne-ide/\
dezyne-ide-2.15.4-x86_64-linux.tar.gz.sig
$ gpg --verify dezyne-ide-2.15.4-x86_64-linux.tar.gz.sig
```

If that command fails because you do not have the required public key, then run this command to import it:

```
$ wget https://savannah.gnu.org/people/viewgpg.php?user_id=4348 \
        -q0 - | gpg --import -
```

```
and rerun the gpg --verify command.
```

Take note that a warning like "This key is not certified with a trusted signature!" is normal.

Now, you can unpack the tarball; do something like:

```
$ tar --warning=no-timestamp -xf /path/to/\
dezyne-ide-2.15.4-x86_64-linux.tar.gz
```

Then try:

\$ cd dezyne-ide-2.15.4
\$./ide --help
\$./dzn --help

2. Make the dzn command available from other locations or to other users on the machine, for instance with:

\$ ln -s \$PWD/dzn ~/bin/dzn
\$ ln -s \$PWD/ide ~/bin/ide
or
ln -s \$PWD/dzn /usr/local/bin/dzn
ln -s \$PWD/ide /usr/local/bin/ide

3. And optionally, make the dzn-env prefix-command¹ available:

```
$ ln -s $PWD/dzn-env ~/bin/dzn-env
or
# ln -s $PWD/dzn-env /usr/local/bin/dzn-env
```

4. Test your installation

```
$ ide hello
```

\$ dzn-env info dezyne

and get busy Dezyne'ing, see Chapter 3 [Getting Started], page 4!

2.1.2 Generic Microsoft Windows Binary

Installing goes along these lines:

1. Download the binary zip archive from https://download.verum.com/download/dezyne-ide/ dezyne-ide-2.15.4-x86_64-windows.zip,

after which you can extract the archive by using 7zip https://www.7-zip.org. Please do not use the built-in Windows archive extraction tool: It does not honor the time stamps of the files in the archive and thus produces a faulty installation.

If your system comes with a virus scanner, consider creating an exception for dezyne-2.15.4.

. . .

and get busy Dezyne'ing, see Chapter 3 [Getting Started], page 4!

¹ dzn-env can be used as a prefix for using programs from your operating system, such as info, man, or emacs; so that they may find and use the documentation and extensions that are provided in the binary release.

3 Getting Started

The dezyne core functionality delivers tool support for the dezyne language in parsing, verification and code generation. Results are delivered in text format only.

In order to gain more insight graphical feedback is delivered in the following cases:

- System view: a visual representation of the system composition of dezyne components.
- State view: a state diagram of component, system or interface.
- Sequence view: a message sequence chart showing the result of a simulation or verification trace. The sequence view is interactive, and allows the displayed trace to be extended and shortened.

All views are initiated by the user from the command-line, and are presented in a web page.

3.1 Set-up

In order to use the web views a dedicated ide daemon(see Section 4.2.2 [Invoking ide daemon], page 9) needs to be running. This daemon mediates between the command line and the web pages, and also stores the traces that are presented and modified in the sequence view.

The ide daemon is started by running ide hello (see Section 4.2.5 [Invoking ide hello], page 11) and stopped with ide bye (see Section 4.2.4 [Invoking ide bye], page 10).

Once the daemon is running, views can be initiated.

3.2 System View

The system view is started from the command-line with the ide system (see Section 4.2.10 [Invoking ide system], page 14) command:

```
ide system examples/Camera.dzn
```

If all is well, a browser will be presented showing the system view for the Camera system. A browser can also be started by running ide browse (see Section 4.2.3 [Invoking ide browse], page 10):

ide browse

It can also be viewed in a regular web browser that supports running non-free javascript by visiting http://localhost:3000/system.

3.3 State View

The state view is started from the command-line with the ide state (see Section 4.2.9 [Invoking ide state], page 13) command:

```
ide state examples/Camera.dzn
```

If all is well, a browser will be presented showing the state view for the Camera system. A browser can also be started by running **ide browse** (see Section 4.2.3 [Invoking ide browse], page 10):

ide browse state

It can also be viewed in a regular web browser that supports running non-free javascript by visiting http://localhost:3000/state.

3.4 Sequence view

The sequence view can be initiated from the command-line using the dzn simulate(see Section 4.2.8 [Invoking ide simulate], page 12) command:

ide simulate -m Driver examples/Camera.dzn

If all is well, a browser will be presented showing an empty trace view for the Driver component. A browser can also be started by running ide browse trace (see Section 4.2.3 [Invoking ide browse], page 10):

ide browse trace

It can also be viewed by visiting http://localhost:3000/trace.

Optional input for the sequence view is a trace, which (among others) can be the result of a verification error. The **ide verify** (see Section 4.2.11 [Invoking ide verify], page 15) command supports this scenario. As first step verification is done. In case an error is found, the error trace is used as input for simulation, and presented in the web views:

```
ide verify examples/compliance_provides_bool.dzn
```

results in:

```
verify: ibool: check: deadlock: ok
verify: ibool: check: livelock: ok
verify: compliance_provides_bool: check: deterministic: ok
verify: compliance_provides_bool: check: illegal: ok
verify: compliance_provides_bool: check: deadlock: ok
verify: compliance_provides_bool: check: livelock: ok
verify: compliance_provides_bool: check: livelock: ok
verify: compliance_provides_bool: check: compliance: fail
verification error
```

4 Using the Dezyne IDE

While the letter I in IDE stands for *integrated*, the level and type of integration that makes a person productive is a matter of taste, habit and experience.

The Dezyne IDE offers these levels towards integration (or if you like, desintegration):

 Full
 Integrated: Editor, Browser, Console, Window Management, Interpreter

 An example is GNU Emacs with exwm

```
External Browser, External Window Mangement
Integrated: Editor, Console, Interpreter
Examples are Electron-derivatives, emacs, vim
```

External, Console, Browser, Window Management and Interpreter Integrated: -Examples are nano, vi.

4.1 Example IDEs

Dezyne Language-Awareness is provided through the ide. Currently, it provides the following

Syntax coloring Navigation Go to definition, Show usage

Symbol completion Lookup Documentation

4.1.1 An Electron-based Dezyne-IDE

There are several Electron (https://github.com/Electron)-based programmer's editors: Atom, VSCodium and Microsoft Visual Studio Code.

ide lsp provides Language-Awareness to the editor through the Language Server Protocol (LSP)(https://langserver.org/).

We provide a new VSCodium/Visual Studio Code extension dzn-lsp that adds rudimentary syntax highlighting, language recogniziton for *.dzn files and LSP -apabilities for this Dezyne mode in VSCode dzn-lsp. dzn-lps can be downloaded here https://download.verum.com/download/dezyne-ide/dzn-lsp-1.2.2.vsix.

In the extension settings for dzn-lsp you can configure where the ide is located e.g., C:/dezyne-ide-2.15.4 or /home/user/bin/dezyne-ide-2.15.4; see field Dzn>Ide:Path. If this is not specified, the PATH environment variable of your system is used.

Furthermore, all commands for stopping an already running dzn daemon, starting a dzn daemon, starting the Dezyne LSP server, and preforming a verification can be configured. If your project needs include directories in order to resolve any imports, you can append -I dir... to the command for starting the LSP server such that the LSP server can resolve import locations.

The extension dzn-lsp also provides the goto-click functionality: when the user clicks on an element in one of the webviews, the editor jumps to the location in the code relating to that element. If needed, a new editor tab is opened for showing the corresponding file. The extension dzn-lsp also starts the dzn daemon. The command for starting the daemon is executed in a dedicated terminal with the name dzn-daemon. By selecting that terminal you can see the output of the running dzn daemon.

The extension also offers a verify command. When the active editor contains a dzn file, the verify command can be executed by opening the Command Palette: View -> Command Palette... or Ctrl+Shift+P and typing verify and then selecting "Dzn: Verify". Inside a dedicated terminal with the name dzn-verify, the verification command is executed for verifying the dzn file of the active editor.

The auto starting of the daemon and the goto-click functionality can be disabled using the correspondings settings of the extension.



4.1.2 A GNU Emacs-based Dezyne-IDE

Emacs can be used in Full mode or External Browser mode, and with or without LSP.

• Use dzn-env to start Emacs

./dzn-env emacs

- Install the websocket package, select: Options/Manage Emacs Packages, or use M-x list-packages
- Optionally, install the lsp-mode package, select: Options/Manage Emacs Packages, or use M-x list-packages
- Add to your ~/.config/emacs/init.el:

```
(when (require 'dzn-mode nil t)
  (push '("\\.dzn\\'" . dzn-mode) auto-mode-alist))
```

• Evaluate ~/.config/emacs/init.el or restart Emacs



4.2 Dezyne IDE View Commands

The View experience of Dezyne IDE is achieved through a the dzn daemon and three subcommands ide verify, ide system, and dzn simulate.

Usually, your Dezyze IDE takes care of running these commands; so if you are planning on using an IDE you can safely skip this section.

4.2.1 Invoking ide

The Dezyne-IDE extends the set of dzn core command-line with graphical ide view commands.

ide ide-option... [command] The options can be among the following: --debug Enable debug ouput. Careful, this can produce a lot of text! -d --help Display help on invoking ide daemon, and then exit. -h --skip-wfc Use plain peg parser, skip Well-formedness (See Section "Well-formedness" in -p Well-formedness) checking. --verbose Be more verbose, show progress. -v --version -V Display the current version of ide, and then exit. Running ide without command shows a list of available ide commands: Usage: ide [OPTION]... COMMAND [COMMAND-ARGUMENT...] -d, --debug enable debug ouput -h, --help display this help -p, --skip-wfc use plain PEG, skip well-formedness checking -v, --verbose be more verbose, show progress -V, --version display version Commands: browse bye daemon hello info lsp simulate state system verify

Use "ide COMMAND --help" for command-specific information.

4.2.2 Invoking ide daemon

All Dezyne View commands communicate with the Views and Editor through the ide daemon. The daemon is started automagically when issuing any ide-command, e.g. ide hello (see Section 4.2.5 [Invoking ide hello], page 11), and it is stopped by running ide bye (see Section 4.2.4 [Invoking ide bye], page 10).

When started automagically, the daemon writes its log file to \$XDG_CACHE_ HOME/dzn/daemon.log. If the XDG_CACHE_HOME environment variable is not defined, \$HOME/.cache/dzn/daemon.log is used instead.

```
ide ide-option... daemon option... FILE
```

The options can be among the following:

```
--debug
```

```
-d Enable debug ouput. Careful, this can produce a lot of text!
```

--editor-port=EDITOR-PORT

-i EDITOR-PORT

Listen to editor port EDITOR-PORT, the default is 3003.

--help

-h Display help on invoking ide daemon, and then exit.

```
--http-port=HTTP-PORT
```

-ъ HTTP-PORT

Start web serever on http port HTTP-PORT, the default is 3000.

--ide-port=IDE-PORT

-i IDE-PORT

Listen to ide command port IDE-PORT, the default is 3001.

--view-port=VIEW-PORT

-b VIEW-PORT

Listen to browser view port VIEW-PORT, the default is 3002.

--verbose

-v Be more verbose, show progress.

When overriding a port setting, the daemo saves this configuration to \$XDG_CONFIG_ HOME/dzn/daemon.scm. If the XDG_CONFIG_HOME environment variable is not defined, \$HOME/.config/dzn/daemon.scm is used instead.

4.2.3 Invoking ide browse

The ide browse command opens a graphical browser view.

```
ide ide-option ... browse option ... view
```

The views must be the name of a view: system (the default) state, trace or an URL.

Running

ide browse trace

opens the trace view.

The options can be among the following:

```
--help
```

-h Display help on invoking ide browse, and then exit.

```
--import=dir
```

-I dir Add directory dir to import path.

4.2.4 Invoking ide bye

The ide bye command runs the dzn bye command. It marks the end of a dezyne session and kills a the Dezyne-IDE daemon. The start of a dezyne session can be marked with ide hello (see Section 4.2.5 [Invoking ide hello], page 11).

ide ide-option... bye option...

The options can be among the following:

--force

-f Kill the daemon without connecting or sending dzn bye.

--help

-h Display help on invoking ide bye, and then exit.

4.2.5 Invoking ide hello

The ide hello command runs the dzn hello command. It marks the start of a dezyne session and starts a the Dezyne-IDE daemon. The end of a dezyne session can be marked with ide bye (see Section 4.2.4 [Invoking ide bye], page 10).

ide ide-option... hello option...

The options can be among the following:

--force

-f

Assume the daemon.pid file is stale and forcibly start the daemon, writing a fresh daemon.pid file.

--help

-h Display help on invoking ide hello, and then exit.

--verbose

-v Show the editors and browsers connections with the daemon.

4.2.6 Invoking ide info

The ide info command is used to query the state of the daemon (see Section 4.2.2 [Invoking ide daemon], page 9).

ide ide-option... info option...

The options can be among the following:

--help

-h Display help on invoking ide info, and then exit.

--trail

-t

Show the current trail on standard output. This is the default.

--verbose

-v Show the editors and browsers connections with the daemon.

4.2.7 Invoking ide lsp

The ide lsp command runs a Dezyne Language Server Protocol (LSP) server reading and writing *json*-rpc over stdio.

ide ide-option... lsp option...

Running

ide lsp

starts the Dezyne Language Protocol Server.

--help

-h

Display help on invoking ide lsp, and then exit.

--import=dir -I dir Add directory dir to import path.

4.2.8 Invoking ide simulate

The ide simulate command runs the internal simulate command.

```
ide ide-option... simulate option... FILE
```

Running

ide simulate examples/hello.dzn

will have the trace.html view show



The options can be among the following:

```
--help
-h
           Display help on invoking ide simulate, and then exit.
--import=dir
-I dir
           Add directory dir to import path.
--model=model
-m model Start simulation of model model.
--no-compliance
           Do not run the compliance check.
-C
--no-deadlock
           Do not run the deadlock check at the end of the trail (EOT).
-D
--no-interface-livelock
           Do not run the interface livelock check at the end of the trail (EOT).
--no-queue-full
           Do not run the external queue-full check at the end of the trail (EOT).
-Q
--no-refusals
           Do not run the compliance check for the failures model refusals check at the
-R
           end of the trail (EOT).
--no-strict
-S
           Do not use strict matching of trail.
```

--queue-size=size -q size Use queue size size for simulation, the default is 3. --strict -s Use strict matching of trail, i.e., the trail must contain all observable events. --trail=trail -t trail Start simulation by feeding initial trail trail. --trail-file=trail-file -T trail-file Start simulation by feeding initial trail from trail-file.

4.2.9 Invoking ide state

The ide state command runs the dzn graph command with the --backend=state. It produces graph data to the ide daemon to provide a state vew can be viewed with a browser.

ide ide-option... state option... FILE

Running

ide state examples/alarm.dzn

will have the state.html view show



The options can be among the following:

--help

-h Display help on invoking ide state, and then exit.

--hide=hide

-H hide Generate a state diagram and hide hide from the transitions; one of labels (hide everything) or actions.

--import=dir

-I dir Add directory dir to import path.

--model=model

-m model Show state diagram for model model.

--remove=vars

-R vars Generate a state diagram and remove variables from nodes remove; one of ports or extended.

ports Hides the state of the component's or system's ports, extended hides the interface's or component's extended state, i.e., all but the main (first) state variable and implies ports.

4.2.10 Invoking ide system

The ide system command runs the dzn graph command with the --backend=system. It produces a partial AST to the ide daemon to provide a system vew can be viewed with a browser. The well-formedness check (See Section "Well-formedness" in *Well-formedness*) is skipped so that incomplete systems can already be (partially) be displayed.

ide ide-option... system option... FILE

Running

ide system examples/Camera.dzn

will have the system.html view show



The options can be among the following:

--help

-h

Display help on invoking ide system, and then exit.

--import=dir

-I dir Add directory dir to import path.

4.2.11 Invoking ide verify

The ide verify command runs the dzn verify command. If verification errors are found, the ide daemon provides a sequence view that can be viewed with a browser.

ide ide-option... verify option... FILE

Running

ide verify examples/compliance_provides_bool.dzn

will have the trace.html view show



The options can be among the following:

```
--help
```

```
Display help on invoking ide verify, and then exit.
-h
--import=dir
-I dir
           Add directory dir to import path.
--model=model
-m model
           Limit verification to model, and for behavioral component model, to its inter-
           faces.
                 Note: Verification cannot be applied to system components models;
                 verifying a system model is a no-op.
```

```
--queue-size=size
```

-q size Use queue size size for verification, the default is 3.

--verbose

Be more verbose, show progress. -v

4.3 Component Simulator

Input for the component simulator is a trace of events of a single component and its ports; such a trace is either a witness of a verification error, or a hand-crafted use case description. The simulator interprets the trace, using the Dezyne semantics, and outputs a more detailed trace, where the state of the component and its interfaces is included. It also outputs a list of 'eligible' events: events that are a valid extension of the input trace.

5 Dezyne Views

Each View in Dezyne is interactive and can be used to explore the different aspects of the design. By left clicking on different diagram elements using the mouse, a suitable connected editor will locate and highlight the corresponding text in the Dezyne model.

5.1 System View

The system view shows a structural view of a system component and its sub components.



5.2 Trace View



The Trace View visualizes a detailed trace resulting from the component simulator; it displays all events that are communicated, the eligible events and the state. The Trace View can be used to extend the trace by selecting one of the eligible events.

5.3 State View



The State View visualizes the behavior of an interface, component or system as a state chart.

6 Working with Legacy Code

XXX: TODO

6.1 ASD Converter

The semantics of ASD and Dezyne largely overlap. This enables automatic conversion from ASD models to Dezyne models. Work has to be done for multi-threaded ASD models. Also the readability of the generated Dezyne models needs improvement.

Index

Α

| ASD | | 20 |
|----------------------|------|--------|
| automatic conversion | | 20 |

\mathbf{C}

| conversion | • • | • • | • | • | • • | • • | • | • | • • | • | • • | • | • | • • | • | • • | • | • | • | • • | 20 |
|------------|---------|-----|-------|---|-----|-----|---|-------|-----|---|-----|---|---|-----|---|-----|---|---|---|-----|----|

D

| downloading | Dozuno | IDF | hinory | | 9 2 |
|-------------|--------|-----|---------|------|------|
| dow moading | Dezyne | IDE | binary. | | z, z |

\mathbf{E}

| eligible events | | | | | | | | | | | | • | | | | • | | | | | | • | | • | | • | | | | | 1 | 8 |
|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|
|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|

G

| glue code | |
|-----------|------|

Ι

| installing | Dezyne | IDE | | | 2 |
|------------|--------|----------|----------|------|----------|
| installing | Dezyne | IDE from | binaries | | 2 |

\mathbf{S}

| sequence chart | 18 |
|---------------------|----|
| sequence view | 18 |
| system architecture | 17 |
| system view | 17 |

\mathbf{T}

| trace view | 18 |
|------------|----|
|------------|----|

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